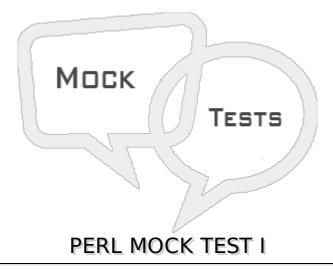
This section presents you various set of Mock Tests related to **Perl**. You can download these sample mock tests at your local machine and solve offline at your convenience. Every mock test is supplied with a mock test key to let you verify the final score and grade yourself.



Q 1 - Which of the following is correct about Perl?

- A Perl stands for Practical Extraction and Report Language.
- B Perl is an Open Source software, licensed under its Artistic License, or the GNU General Public License *GPL*.
- C Perl supports both procedural and object-oriented programming.
- D All of the above.

Q 2 - Which of the following is correct about Perl?

- A Perl can handle encrypted Web data, including e-commerce transactions.
- B Perl's DBI package makes web-database integration easy.
- C Perl is an interpreted language, which means that your code can be run as is, without a compilation stage that creates a non portable executable program.
- D All of the above.

Q 3 - Which of the following interpolates variables and special characters in Perl?

- A Single Quotes based String
- B Double Quotes based String
- C Both of the above.
- D None of the above.

Q 4 - Is perl a case sensitive language?

A - true

Q 5 - Which of the following data type is suppported in Perl?

- A Scalar
- B Array
- C Hashes
- D All of the above.

Q 6 - Which of the following correctly describes scalar data types in Perl?

- A These are simple variables. They are preceded by a dollar sign \$.
- B These are ordered lists of scalars that you access with a numeric index which starts with 0.
- C These are unordered sets of key/value pairs that you access using the keys as subscripts.
- D None of the above.

Q 7 - Which of the following correctly describes Array data types in Perl?

- A These are simple variables. They are preceded by a dollar sign \$.
- B These are ordered lists of scalars that you access with a numeric index which starts with 0.
- C These are unordered sets of key/value pairs that you access using the keys as subscripts.
- D None of the above.

Q 8 - Which of the following correctly describes Hashes data types in Perl?

- A These are simple variables. They are preceded by a dollar sign \$.
- B These are ordered lists of scalars that you access with a numeric index which starts with 0.
- C These are unordered sets of key/value pairs that you access using the keys as subscripts.
- D None of the above.

Q 9 - Which of the following data types are preceded by a dollar sign \$ in Perl?

- A Scalar
- B Array
- C Hashes
- D All of the above.

Q 10 - Which of the following data types are preceded by an "at" sign @ in Perl?

A - Scalar

B - Array
C - Hashes
D - All of the above.
Q 11 - Which of the following data types are preceded by a percent sign in Perl?
A - Scalar
B - Array
C - Hashes
D - All of the above.
Q 12 - In which of the following variable context, assignment to a scalar variable evaluates the right-hand side in a scalar context?
A - Scalar
B - List
C - Boolean
D - Void.
Q 13 - In which of the following variable context, assignment to an array or a hash evaluates the right-hand side in a list context?
A - Scalar
B - List
C - Boolean
D - Void.
Q 14 - In which of the following variable context, an expression is being evaluated to see whether it's true or false?
A - Scalar
B - List
C - Boolean
D - Void.
Q 15 - Which of the following variable context doesn't care what the return value is?
A - Scalar
B - List
C - Boolean
D - Void.

Q 16 - Which of the following variable context only happens inside quotes, or things that work like quotes?
A - Interpolative
B - List
C - Boolean
D - Void.
Q 17 - Which of the following special variable represents current file name?
A - FILE
BFILE_
C - file
D - None of the above.
Q 18 - Which of the following special variable represents current line number?
A - LINE
B - Line
CLINE_
D - None of the above.
Q 19 - Which of the following special variable represents current package name?
APACKAGE_
B - Package
C - PACKAGE
D - None of the above.
Q 20 - Which of the following is correct about Array in Perl?
Δ - Δn array is a variable that stores an ordered list of scalar values

- C To refer to a single element of an array, you will use the dollar sign \$ with the variable name followed by the index of the element in square brackets.
- D All of the above.

Q 21 - Which of the following method pushes the values of the list onto the end of the array?

- A push @ARRAY, LIST
- B pop @ARRAY

C - shift @ARRAY	
D - unshift @ARRAY, LIST	
Q 22 - Which of the follow	ving method pops off and returns the last value of the array?
A - push @ARRAY, LIST	
B - pop @ARRAY	
C - shift @ARRAY	
D - unshift @ARRAY, LIST	
	ving method shifts the first value of the array off and returns y 1 and moving everything down?
A - push @ARRAY, LIST	
A - push @ARRAY, LIST B - pop @ARRAY	

Q 24 - Which of the following method prepends list to the front of the array, and returns the number of elements in the new array?

A - push @ARRAY, LIST

B - pop @ARRAY

C - shift @ARRAY

D - unshift @ARRAY, LIST

Q 25 - Which of the following method remove the elements of @ARRAY designated by OFFSET and LENGTH, and replaces them with LIST, if specified?

A - splice @ARRAY, OFFSET [, LENGTH [, LIST]]

B - split @ARRAY, OFFSET [, LENGTH [, LIST]]

C - join @ARRAY, OFFSET [, LENGTH [, LIST]]

D - sort @ARRAY, OFFSET [, LENGTH [, LIST]]

ANSWER SHEET

Question Number	Answer Key
1	D
2	D
3	В
4	Α

5	D	
6	А	
7	В	
8	С	
9	А	
10	В	
11	С	
12	Α	
13	В	
14	С	
15	D	
16	Α	
17	В	
18	С	
19	А	
20	D	
21	Α	
22	В	
23	С	
24	D	
25	Α	

Loading [MathJax]/jax/output/HTML-CSS/jax.js