## APTITUDE - AREA CALCULATION

## Advertisements

## Important Fact and Formulae

Following are important facts and formulaes used in questions for area calculations.

## Rectangle/Square

- Area of a rectangle $=$ Length $\times$ Breadth
- Length of a rectangle $=$ Area $/$ Breadth
- Breadth of a rectangle $=$ Area $/$ Length
- Perimeter of a rectangle $=2($ Length + Breadth $)$
- Area of 4 walls $=2($ length + Breadth $) x$ height
- Area of a Square $=(\text { side })^{2}=1 / 2(\text { diagonal })^{2}$


## Triangle

- Area of a triangle $=(1 / 2 \times$ Base $\times$ Height $)$
- $\quad=\sqrt{ }\{S(S-A)(S-B)(S-C)\}$, where $S=1 / 2(a+b+c)$
- Area of equilateral triangle $=\sqrt{ } 3 / 4 \times \mathrm{a}^{2}$
- Radius of a in circle of an equilateral triangle of side $a=a / 2 \sqrt{ } 3$
- Radius of a circumcircle of an equilateral triangle of side $a=a / \sqrt{ } 3$
- Radius of in circle of a triangle $=/ S$, Where $s=1 / 2(a+b+c)$


## Circle

- Area of a circle $=\pi R^{2}$
- Circumference $=2 \pi \mathrm{R}$
- Arc length $=2 \pi \mathrm{R} \vartheta / 360$, where $\vartheta$ is a central angle.
- Area of Sector $=1 / 2($ arc length $x R)=\pi R^{2} \vartheta / 360$
- Area of Semicircle $=1 / 2 \pi R^{2}$


## Other shapes

- Area of a parallelogram $=($ base x height $)$
- Area of a rhombus $=1 / 2$ (product of diagonals)
- Area of a trapezium $=1 / 2$ (sum of parallel sides) x (distance between them)


## Solved Examples

Solved Examples


