

## APTITUDE - BASIC ARITHMETIC EXAMPLES

### Advertisements

**Q 1 - Which of the following is the 16<sup>th</sup> term of A.P. 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, ...?**

A - 50

B - 51

C - 52

D - 53

**Answer - A**

**Explanation**

Here  $a = 5$ ,  $d = 8 - 5 = 3$ ,  $n = 16$   
Using formula  $T_n = a + (n - 1)d$   
 $T_{16} = 5 + (16 - 1) \times 3$   
 $= 50$

**Q 2 - Which of the following term of A.P. 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, ... is 109?**

A - 20<sup>th</sup>

B - 21<sup>st</sup>

C - 22<sup>nd</sup>

D - 23<sup>rd</sup>

**Answer - C**

**Explanation**

Here  $a = 4$ ,  $d = 9 - 4 = 5$   
Using formula  $T_n = a + (n - 1)d$   
 $T_n = 4 + (n - 1) \times 5 = 109$  where 109 is the  $n^{\text{th}}$  term.  
 $\Rightarrow 4 + 5n - 5 = 109$   
 $\Rightarrow 5n = 109 + 1$   
 $\Rightarrow n = 110 / 5$   
 $= 22$

**Q 3 - How many terms are present in the A.P. 7, 13, 19, ... 205?**

A - 31

B - 32

C - 33

D - 34

**Answer - D**

### Explanation

Here  $a = 7$ ,  $d = 13 - 7 = 6$ ,  $T_n = 205$

Using formula  $T_n = a + (n - 1)d$

$T_n = 7 + (n - 1) \times 6 = 205$  where 205 is the  $n^{\text{th}}$  term.

$$\Rightarrow 7 + 6n - 6 = 205$$

$$\Rightarrow 6n = 205 - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 204 / 6$$

$$= 34$$

**Q 4 - Which of the following is the first term of A.P. if 6<sup>th</sup> term is 12 and 8<sup>th</sup> term is 22?**

A - -13

B - 13

C - 2

D - 1

**Answer - A**

### Explanation

Using formula  $T_n = a + (n - 1)d$

$$T_6 = a + (6 - 1)d = 12 \quad \dots (i)$$

$$T_8 = a + (8 - 1)d = 22 \quad \dots (ii)$$

Subtract (i) from (ii)

$$\Rightarrow 2d = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow d = 5$$

Using (i)

$$a = 12 - 5d$$

$$= 12 - 25$$

$$= -13$$

**Q 5 - Which of the following is the common difference of A.P. if 6<sup>th</sup> term is 12 and 8<sup>th</sup> term is 22?**

A - 4

B - 5

C - 6

D - 7

**Answer - B**

### Explanation

Using formula  $T_n = a + (n - 1)d$

$$T_6 = a + (6 - 1)d = 12 \quad \dots (i)$$

$$T_8 = a + (8 - 1)d = 22 \quad \dots (ii)$$

Subtract (i) from (ii)

$$\Rightarrow 2d = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow d = 5$$

**Q 6 - Which of the following is the 16<sup>th</sup> term of A.P. if 6<sup>th</sup> term is 12 and 8<sup>th</sup> term is 22?**

A - 60

B - 61

C - 62

D - 63

**Answer - C**

**Explanation**

Using formula  $T_n = a + (n - 1)d$   
 $T_6 = a + (6 - 1)d = 12 \quad \dots (i)$   
 $T_8 = a + (8 - 1)d = 22 \quad \dots (ii)$   
Subtract (i) from (ii)  
 $\Rightarrow 2d = 10$   
 $\Rightarrow d = 5$   
Using (i)  
 $a = 12 - 5d$   
 $= 12 - 25$   
 $= -13$   
 $\therefore T_{16} = -13 + (16 - 1) \times 5$   
 $= 75 - 13$   
 $= 62$

**Q 7 - Which of the following is the sum of first 17 term of A.P. 5, 9, 13, 17, ...?**

A - 626

B - 627

C - 628

D - 629

**Answer - D**

**Explanation**

Here  $a = 5$ ,  $d = 9 - 5 = 4$ ,  $n = 17$   
Using formula  $S_n = (n/2)[2a + (n - 1)d]$   
 $S_{17} = (17/2)[2 \times 5 + (17 - 1) \times 4]$   
 $= (17/2)(10 + 64)$   
 $= 17 \times 74 / 2$   
 $= 629$

**Q 8 - Which of the following is the sum of the series 2, 5, 8, ..., 182?**

A - 5612

B - 5613

C - 5614

D - 5615

**Answer - A**

**Explanation**

Here  $a = 2$ ,  $d = 5 - 2 = 3$ ,  $T^n = 182$   
Using formula  $T_n = a + (n - 1)d$

$$\begin{aligned}
a + (n - 1)d &= 182 \\
\Rightarrow 2 + (n - 1) \times 3 &= 182 \\
\Rightarrow 3n &= 183 \\
\Rightarrow n &= 61.
\end{aligned}$$

Using formula  $S_n = \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n - 1)d]$

$$\begin{aligned}
S_{61} &= \frac{61}{2}[2 \times 2 + (61 - 1) \times 3] \\
&= \frac{61}{2}(4 + 180) \\
&= 61 \times 184 / 2 \\
&= 5612
\end{aligned}$$

**Q 9 - What are the three numbers in A.P. if their sum is 15 and product is 80?**

A - 5, 7, 3

B - 2, 5, 8

C - 6, 7, 2

D - 5, 5, 5

**Answer - B**

**Explanation**

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Let 've numbers are } a - d, a \text{ and } a + d \\
\text{Then } a - d + a + a + d &= 15 \\
\Rightarrow 3a &= 15 \\
\Rightarrow a &= 5 \\
\text{Now } (a - d)a(a + d) &= 80 \\
\Rightarrow (5 - d) \times 5 \times (5 + d) &= 80 \\
\Rightarrow 25 - d^2 &= 16 \\
\Rightarrow d^2 &= 9 \\
\Rightarrow d &= +3 \text{ or } -3 \\
\therefore \text{ numbers are either } 2, 5, 8 \text{ or } 8, 5, 2.
\end{aligned}$$

**Q 10 - Which of the following is the 9<sup>th</sup> term of G.P. 3, 6, 12, 18...?**

A - 766

B - 768

C - 772

D - 774

**Answer - B**

**Explanation**

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Here } a &= 3, r = 6 / 3 = 2, T_9 = ? \\
\text{Using formula } T_n &= ar^{(n - 1)} \\
T_9 &= 3 \times 2^{(9 - 1)} \\
&= 3 \times 2^8 \\
&= 3 \times 256 \\
&= 768
\end{aligned}$$

**Q 11 - Which of the following is the first term of G.P. if 4<sup>th</sup> term is 54 and 9<sup>th</sup> term is 13122?**

A - 2

B - 3

C - 4

D - 6

**Answer - A**

**Explanation**

Using formula  $T_n = ar^{(n - 1)}$

$$T_4 = ar^{(4 - 1)} = 54$$

$$\Rightarrow ar^3 = 54 \quad \dots(i)$$

$$T_9 = ar^{(9 - 1)} = 13122$$

$$\Rightarrow ar^8 = 13122 \quad \dots(ii)$$

Dividing (ii) by (i)

$$\Rightarrow r^5 = 13122 / 54 = 243 = (3)^5$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 3$$

Using (i)

$$a \times 27 = 54$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 2$$

**Q 12 - Which of the following is the common ratio of G.P. if 4<sup>th</sup> term is 54 and 9<sup>th</sup> term is 13122?**

A - 2

B - 3

C - 4

D - 6

**Answer - B**

**Explanation**

Using formula  $T_n = ar^{(n - 1)}$

$$T_4 = ar^{(4 - 1)} = 54$$

$$\Rightarrow ar^3 = 54 \quad \dots(i)$$

$$T_9 = ar^{(9 - 1)} = 13122$$

$$\Rightarrow ar^8 = 13122 \quad \dots(ii)$$

Dividing (ii) by (i)

$$\Rightarrow r^5 = 13122 / 54 = 243 = (3)^5$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 3$$

**Q 13 - Which of the following is the 6<sup>th</sup> term of G.P. if 4<sup>th</sup> term is 54 and 9<sup>th</sup> term is 13122?**

A - 484

B - 485

C - 486

D - 487

**Answer - C**

**Explanation**

Using formula  $T_n = ar^{(n - 1)}$

$$T_4 = ar^{(4 - 1)} = 54$$

$$\Rightarrow ar^3 = 54 \quad \dots(i)$$

$$T_9 = ar^{(9 - 1)} = 13122$$

$$\Rightarrow ar^8 = 13122 \quad \dots(ii)$$

Dividing (ii) by (i)

$$\Rightarrow r^5 = 13122 / 54 = 243 = (3)^5$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 3$$

Using (i)

$$a \times 27 = 54$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 2$$

$$\therefore T_6 = ar^{(6 - 1)} = 2 \times (3)^5$$

$$= 2 \times 243$$

$$= 486$$

**Q 14 - Sum of two numbers is 80. If three times of first number is same as five times of the second number, what are the numbers?**

A - 50, 30

B - 60, 20

C - 70, 10

D - 65, 15

**Answer - A**

**Explanation**

Let the numbers are  $y$  and  $80 - y$ .

$$\text{Then } 3y = 5(80 - y)$$

$$\Rightarrow 8y = 400$$

$$\therefore y = 50$$

$$\text{and second number} = 80 - 50 = 30.$$

**Q 15 - What is the number if its third is greater than its fifth by 16?**

A - 150

B - 120

C - 180

D - 210

**Answer - B**

**Explanation**

Let the number be  $y$ .

$$\text{Then } (y / 3) - (y / 5) = 16$$

$$\Rightarrow 5y - 3y = 16 \times 15 = 240$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y = 240$$

$$\therefore y = 120$$

**Q 16 - What is the largest number among the three consecutive multiples of 3 if there sum is 90?**

A - 21

B - 30

C - 33

D - 36

**Answer - C**

**Explanation**

Let the numbers be  $3y$ ,  $3y + 3$ ,  $3y + 6$   
Now  $3y + 3y + 3 + 3y + 6 = 90$   
 $\Rightarrow 9y = 81$   
 $\Rightarrow y = 9$   
 $\Rightarrow$  largest number =  $3y + 6 = 3 \times 9 + 6$   
 $= 33$

**Q 17 - Find is the positive integer if fifteen times of it is less than its square by 16.**

A - 13

B - 14

C - 15

D - 16

**Answer - D**

**Explanation**

Let the positive integer by  $y$ .  
Then  $y^2 - 15y = 16$   
 $\Rightarrow y^2 - 15y - 16 = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow y^2 - 16y + y - 16 = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow y(y-16) + (y-16) = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow (y+1)(y-16) = 0$   
 $\therefore y = 16$ . as  $-1$  is not a positive integer.

**Q 18 - Find is the positive integer if twenty-three times of it is more than its square by 63.**

A - 7

B - 8

C - 9

D - 10

**Answer - A**

**Explanation**

Let the positive integer by  $y$ .  
Then  $23y - 2y^2 = 63$   
 $\Rightarrow 23y - 2y^2 - 63 = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow 2y^2 - 23y + 63 = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow 2y^2 - 14y - 9y + 63 = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow 2y(y-7) - 9(y-7) = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow (2y-9)(y-7) = 0$   
 $\therefore y = 7$ . as  $9/2$  is not an integer.

**Q 19 - Find the smallest of three numbers if numbers are in ratio of 3:2:5 and sum of their squares is 1862.**

A - 13

B - 14

C - 12

D - 11

**Answer - B**

**Explanation**

Let 've number as  $3y$ ,  $2y$  and  $5y$ .  
Then  $9y^2 + 4y^2 + 25y^2 = 1862$ .  
 $\Rightarrow 38y^2 = 1862$   
 $\Rightarrow y^2 = 1862 / 38 = 49$   
 $\Rightarrow y = 7$   
 $\therefore$  smallest number =  $2y = 2 \times 7 = 14$ .

**Q 20 - Sum of digits of a two digit number is 10. If digits are interchanged, obtained number is 54 less than original number. What is the number?**

A - 46

B - 64

C - 82

D - 28

**Answer - C**

**Explanation**

Let the ten's digit is  $x$  and unit digit of number is  $y$ .  
Then  $x + y = 10 \quad \dots(i)$   
 $(10x + y) - (10y - x) = 54$   
 $\Rightarrow 9x - 9y = 54$   
 $\Rightarrow x - y = 6 \quad \dots(ii)$   
Adding (i) and (ii)  
 $2x = 16$   
 $\Rightarrow x = 8$   
Using (i)  
 $y = 10 - x = 2$   
 $\therefore$  number is 82.